

Email Use 2017 – EMEA report

Ryan Dietzen | Marketing Insights & Operations (MIO)

Research conducted by:





Methodology

What: An online survey with panel participants

Who: White-collar participants own a smart phone

When: Data collected from July 10 to July 24, 2017

Where: Results are shown for EMEA only (n=3,028)

Trending: Slides that have the note below in the bottom right were tested against last waves data for significant changes, the arrows denote a significant change. Slides that have this note but no arrows mean there were no differences.

- ↑ Significantly *higher* than 2016
- ↓ Significantly *lower* than 2016

Statistical testing: Statistical differences are shown at the 95% confidence level.

Note: Data was weighted to match the proportion of technology industry workers in the UK, France, and Germany from last wave.

As Internet panel sample was used for this study, the sample was not drawn from the population using probability sampling; thus, a margin of error is not reported (margin of error accounts for sampling error). If the data had been collected using a probability sampling method, the margin of error would be +/- 1.8%, 19 times out of 20. Given this sampling approach, the outcomes of the statistical tests reported reflect results as if performed on data collected using probability sampling.

Summary of Results

Email Usage

- Most respondents check their work and personal email at least every few hours, which they feel is as often as they should. That said, fewer respondents are checking their work and personal email than last year.
 - More respondents (particularly older individuals) are waiting until they get to the office to check their email.
 - Fewer respondents are checking emails while watching TV and 41% never check their work email on vacation.
- Desktops/laptops are the most commonly used device for checking emails, although smartphones are preferred by those 18 to 34. Smartphones are the primary device for checking personal emails.
- 80% of work emails and 65% of personal emails are opened. Of those, 80% of work emails and 64% of personal emails are read.
- Most respondents expect their email use (both personal and work) to remain the same over the next two years, and fewer respondents than in 2016 think that their use will increase.
- Respondents most likely feel indifference when checking their work or personal email. Additionally, over half get to "inbox-zero" which is most likely to make them feel relieved.

Summary of Results

Work Communication in General

- Email, phone calls, and face-to-face conversations are the most used communication methods to communicate with colleagues.
 - Respondents mentioned that face-to-face conversations, followed by email, are preferred. However email, followed by face-to-face conversations, are the most common primary communication tool used by companies.
- For quick questions for a colleague, respondents are split as to their preferred communication method: phone calls, email, and face-to-face conversations are all likely to be used.
- For many different types of work discussions, email and face-to-face conversations are considered the most appropriate communication methods.
 - In general, face-to-face communication becomes more appropriate as the nature of the topic becomes more serious.

Summary of Results

Email Innovation and Marketing

- Spam filters and improved mobile viewing have improved respondent's email experiences the most over the last few years.
- Instant messaging, followed by email and video conferencing, are seen as the communication methods that have innovated the most over the past five years.
- 63% of respondents would like to be contacted by brands through email. However, their stated preference is for marketing emails that are less about promotions, and more about providing information.
 - That said, when it comes to the purchase process, marketing emails provide over one third of respondents (females in particular) with an added incentive to purchase.
- Just over one fifth of work and nearly one third of personal email offers are interesting enough to open.
- When reading emails from brands on a smartphone, respondents would like emails to minimize the need to scroll, be better optimized for mobile, and not have too much text.
- The most annoying thing about receiving email offers is getting emailed too often. Indeed, few respondents mentioned that they would like to receive daily emails from their bank, favorite retail brand, restaurant, or telecom provider.
- Regardless of age group or gender, customization of emails from brands is of medium to high importance.
 - The most common frustrations related to personalization is including offers that have already expired and recommendations that do not match respondent interests.

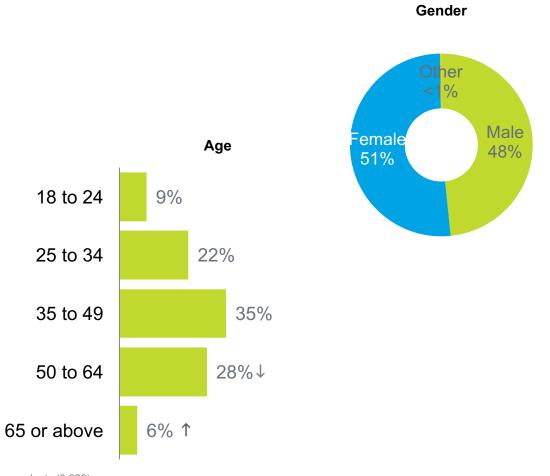
Profile of Participants



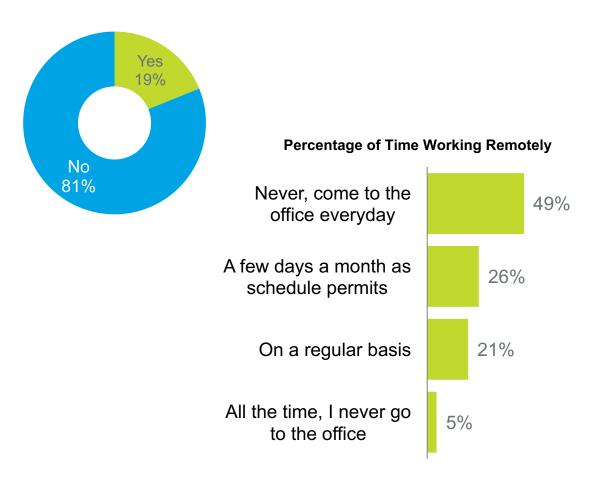
Who Participated in the Survey



Most EMEA white collar respondents are between 25 to 64.







[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



Base: All respondents (3,028)

s1 -- What is your gender? (not including those who said prefer not to answer base: 3,024)

s2 -- How old are you?;

s4 -- Do you work in the technology industry? *note data has been weighted to previous year's proportions

s6 -- What percentage of your work time is spent working remotely (meaning outside the office)?

[↑] Significantly higher than 2016

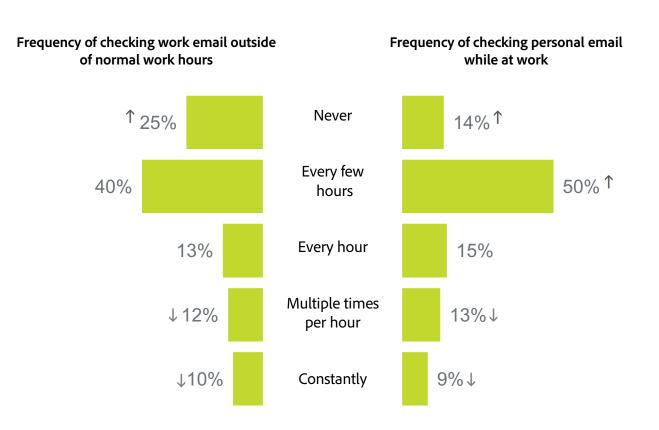
Email Usage



Frequency of checking email



- Most respondents check their work and personal email at least every few hours.
- That said, fewer respondents are checking their email at all than in 2016, with females being more likely than males to never check their email.



Checking vork email outside of vork hours

Checking

personal

email while at work

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
Never	18%	24% A	27% A	19%	31% D
Every few hours	48% BC	38%	40%	44% E	36%
Every hour	17% C	18% C	11%	14%	12%
Multiple times per hour	10%	10%	12%	12%	11%
Constantly	8%	10%	10%	11%	9%
Never	9%	10%	16% AB	11%	17% D
Every few hours	55%	50%	50%	51%	49%
Every hour	19% C	19% C	13%	16%	14%
Multiple times per hour	11%	15%	12%	14%	12%
Constantly	6%	7%	9% AB	8%	9%

18 to

24

25 to

34

35+

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



q1 -- While at work, how often do you typically check your personal email in a given day?

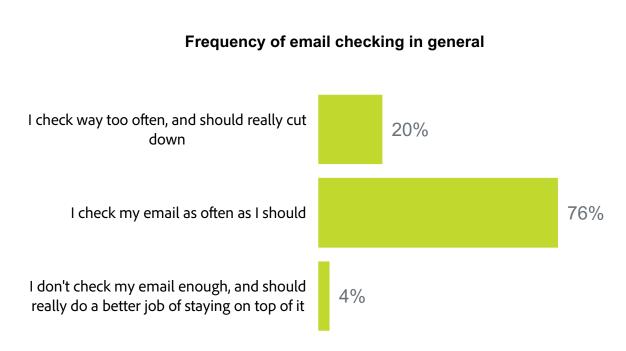
q2 -- Outside of normal work hours, how often do you check your work email in a given day?

[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Frequency of checking email

 \mathbb{C}^{2}

- Similar to 2016, most respondents feel they check their email as often as they should.
- Respondents aged 18 to 34 are most likely to say that they check too often.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	Q
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
23% C	27% C	18%	21%	20%
74%	69%	79% B	76%	76%
3%	4%	4%	3%	4%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q3 -- How would you characterize your frequency of email checking in general?

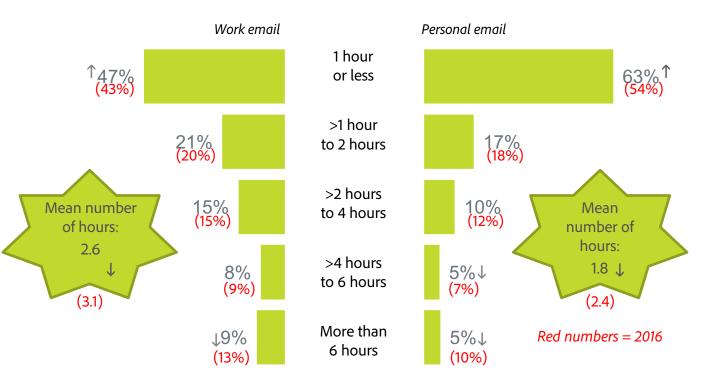
[†] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Time spent checking email

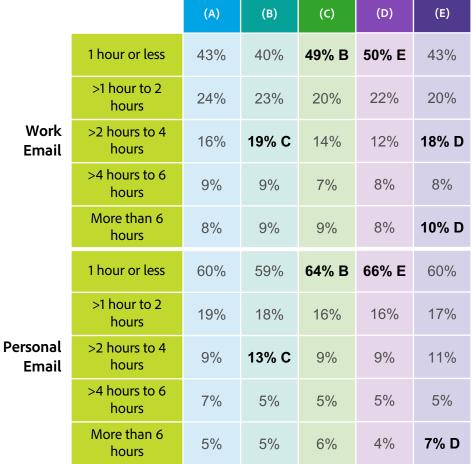


Respondents are spending less time checking emails in 2017 compared to 2016, with males being the most likely to spend one hour or less. This may be driven by a number of characteristics mentioned in subsequent slides.

Total number of hours per weekday you spend checking...



Work **Email**



25 to

34

35+

18 to

24

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



q4a -- Please estimate the total number of hours and minutes per weekday you spend checking your work email

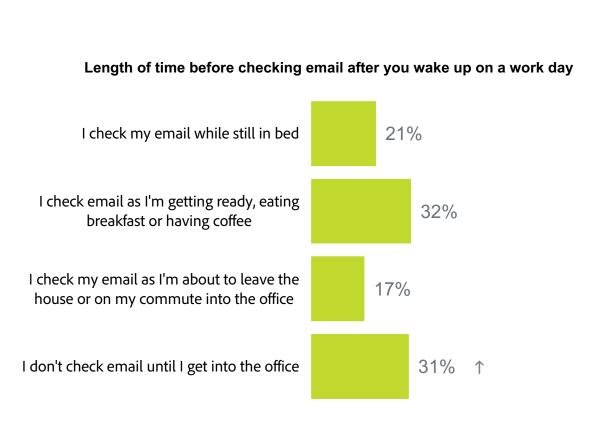
q4b -- Please estimate the total number of hours and minutes per weekday you spend checking your personal email *Note only hours are shown, minutes are not included in this result.

[↑] Significantly higher than 2016

Frequency of checking work email before work



Part of the reason that respondents are checking their email less is that more (particularly older individuals) are waiting until
they get to the office to check email.



18 to 24 (A)	25 to 34	35 + (C)	o o	Q (E)
	30% C	15%	17%	24% D
25%	34% A	32% A	32%	31%
15%	14%	18% B	20% E	13%
23%	22%	35% AB	30%	32%

 $[\]downarrow$ Significantly *lower* than 2016



Base: All respondents (3,028)

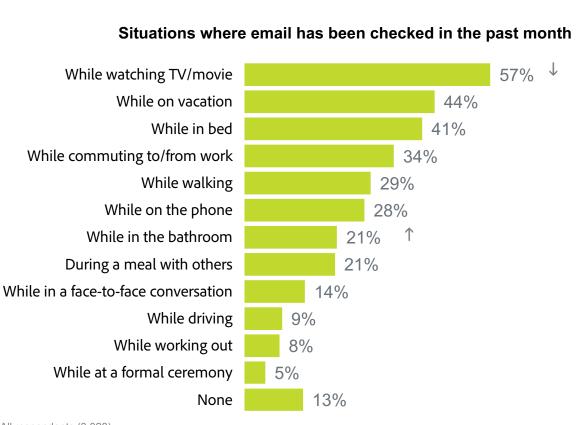
q5 -- It's a workday, and you've just woken up. How long does it typically take you to check your work or personal email after you wake up?

[†] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Checking emails in various situations

 \circ

- Fewer respondents (females in particular) checking emails while watching TV.
- For many of the situations shown below, those aged 18 to 34 are most likely to check their email while in those situations.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	P
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
58%	59%	55%	51%	62% D
41%	42%	45%	43%	44%
62% C	56% C	33%	35%	46% D
43% C	40% C	31%	35%	34%
35% C	40% C	25%	30%	28%
33% C	32% C	25%	27%	28%
36% C	32% C	16%	20%	23% D
29% C	28% C	18%	20%	21%
17% C	21% C	11%	14%	14%
9%	11% C	8%	9%	9%
10% C	13% C	6%	9%	7%
5%	9% C	3%	6%	4%
9%	6%	16% AB	14%	13%



Base: All respondents (3,028)

q10 -- In the last month, during which situations have you checked your email? (Multi-response)

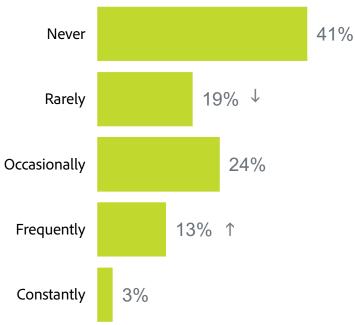
[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Checking work email while on vacation



- Additionally, two fifths of all respondents (particularly females and those 35 years old or older) continue to say they never check their work emails while on vacation.

Frequency of checking work emails on vacation



18 to 24 (A)	25 to 34	35 + (C)	Q (D)	Q (E)
32%	38%	43% AB	34%	48% D
27% BC	19%	17%	19%	18%
24%	26%	23%	29% E	20%
14%	13%	13%	15% E	12%
3%	3%	3%	3%	3%

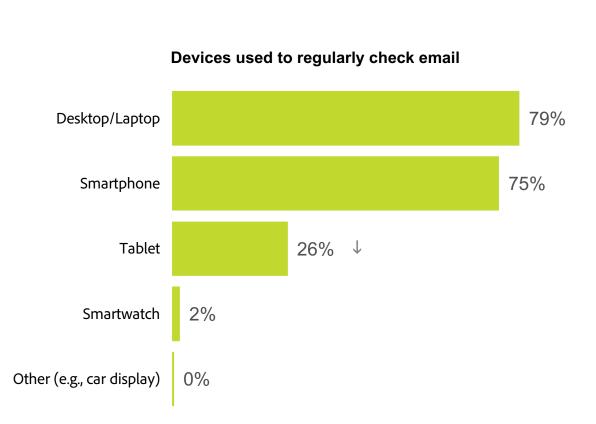
q26 -- While on vacation, how often do you check your work email?

[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Devices for checking emails



- Desktops are the most commonly used device for checking emails in general and for those aged 35 or older. However, smartphones are more commonly used by respondents aged 18 to 34.
- Compared to last year, fewer respondents are checking emails on tablets.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
72%	77%	81% AB	82% E	77%
89% C	86% C	69%	75%	75%
18%	26% A	28% A	28%	25%
2%	3%	2%	2%	2%
0%	1% A	0% A	1%	0%

 $[\]downarrow$ Significantly *lower* than 2016



Base: All respondents (3,028)

q7 -- On which of the following devices do you regularly check email? (Multi-response)

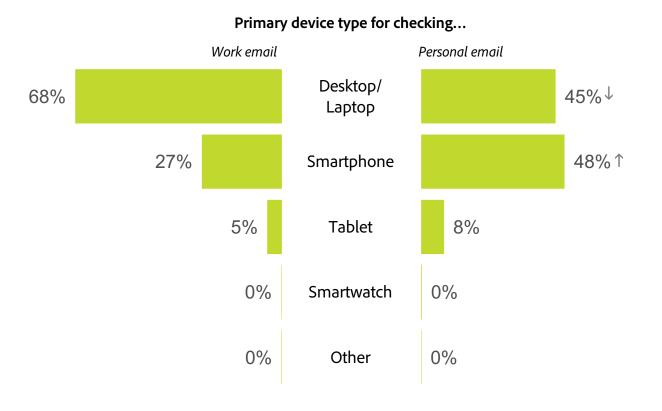
[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Primary device for checking emails



Computers dominate as the primary device for checking work emails.

However an increase in the number of respondents checking their personal email on smartphones has made smartphones the primary device for checking personal email. This is especially true for females and those aged 18 to 34.



ial email	. This is	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	Desktop/ Laptop	57%	62%	72% AB	69%	68%
	Smartphone	38% C	34% C	23%	25%	28%
Work Email	Tablet	4%	4%	5%	5%	4%
	Smartwatch	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	Other	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Desktop/ Laptop	23%	30% A	52% AB	50% E	39%
	Smartphone	75% BC	65% C	39%	42%	53% D
Personal Email	Tablet	3%	5%	9% AB	8%	8%
	Smartwatch	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	Other	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

18 to

24

25 to

34

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



q7a -- What is your primary device type for checking work email?

q7b -- What is your primary device type for checking work email?

[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Opening emails



Work emails are more likely than personal emails to be opened, with two fifths of respondents (and over half of females) saying they open 100% of their work emails.



	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
0-20%	10%	8%	8%	7%	9%
21-40%	7%	6%	5%	6%	5%
41-60%	14% C	13% C	8%	12% E	8%
61-80%	11%	15%	13%	15% E	12%
81-99%	9%	15% A	19% AB	19%	16%
100%	49% B	41%	47% B	41%	50% D
0-20%	11%	13%	12%	13%	12%
21-40%	14%	17% C	10%	12%	11%
41-60%	29% C	25% C	19%	22%	21%
61-80%	22%	22%	23%	22%	23%
81-99%	7%	9%	14% AB	13%	12%
100%	15%	15%	22% AB	19%	20%

25 to

34

35+

18 to

24

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q39a -- What percentage of emails received do you open?

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016

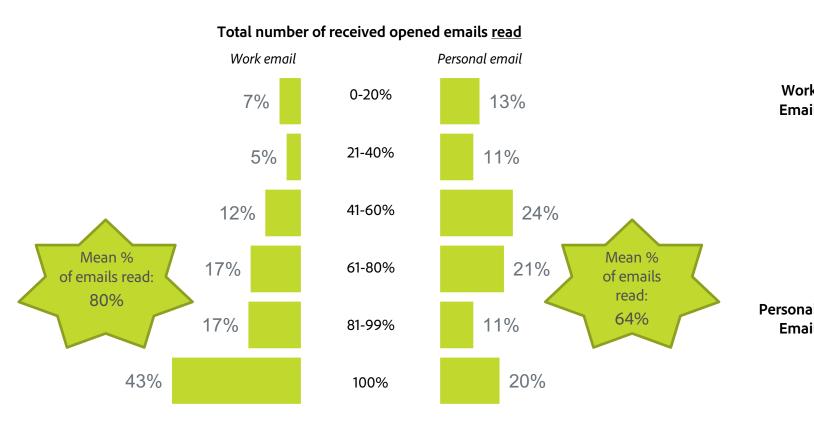


[↑] Significantly higher than 2016

Reading emails



- Opened work emails are also more likely than opened personal emails to be read.
- Two fifths of respondents (particularly females and those 35 years or older) read 100% of the work emails that they open.



		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	0-20%	8%	7%	7%	6%	8%
	21-40%	8% C	5%	4%	5%	4%
Work	41-60%	14%	15% C	10%	14% E	10%
Email	61-80%	12%	18% A	17% A	18% E	15%
	81-99%	16%	17%	18%	16%	19% D
	100%	43%	38%	44% B	40%	45% D
	0-20%	16%	15%	12%	13%	13%
	21-40%	17% C	15% C	9%	10%	12%
ersonal	41-60%	30% C	27% C	22%	25%	23%
Email	61-80%	17%	21%	22% A	20%	22%
	81-99%	7%	9%	12% AB	11%	11%
	100%	13%	14%	23% AB	22% E	18%

25 to

34

35+

18 to

24

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q39b -- Of those emails you open, what percentage do you actually read?

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016

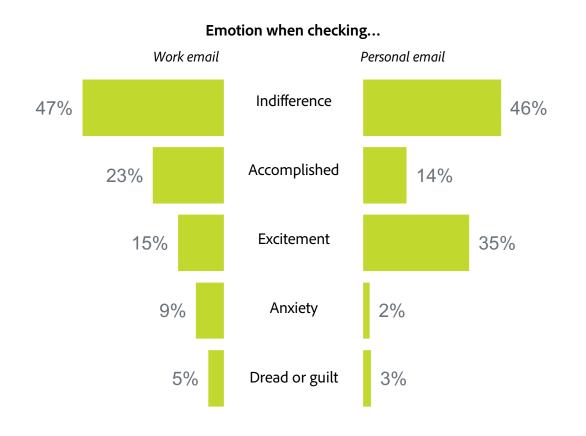


[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Emotion when checking email



- Nearly half of respondents (particularly males and those 35 years or older) feel indifference when checking either work or personal email.
- Excitement to check work email is highest among those 18 to 34 years old.



Work email

Personal email

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
Indifference	40%	42%	49% AB	49% E	45%
Accomplished	22%	18%	26% B	24%	23%
Excitement	20% C	22% C	12%	16%	15%
Anxiety	12%	12% C	8%	7%	11% D
Dread or guilt	6%	6%	5%	5%	5%
Indifference	42%	43%	47%	47%	45%
Accomplished	10%	10%	16% AB	15%	14%
Excitement	37%	40% C	33%	33%	37% D
Anxiety	5% C	3% C	1%	2%	2%
Dread or guilt	6% C	4% C	2%	3%	2%

25 to

34

35+

18 to

24

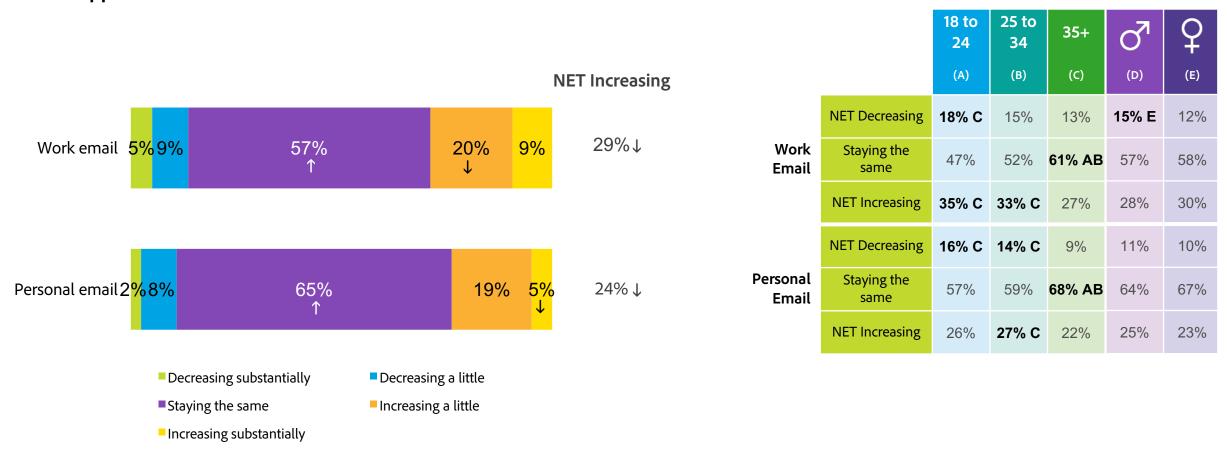
Base: All respondents (3,028)

q38 -- Which emotion do you most often feel when you check your?

Future use of email



 Most respondents expect their work and personal email use to remain the same over the next two years, especially among older respondents (35 years old or older). The proportion of respondents who say their personal email use is increasing has dropped since 2016.



[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



q9a -- Looking ahead at the next two years, which best describes how you see your use of work email changing?

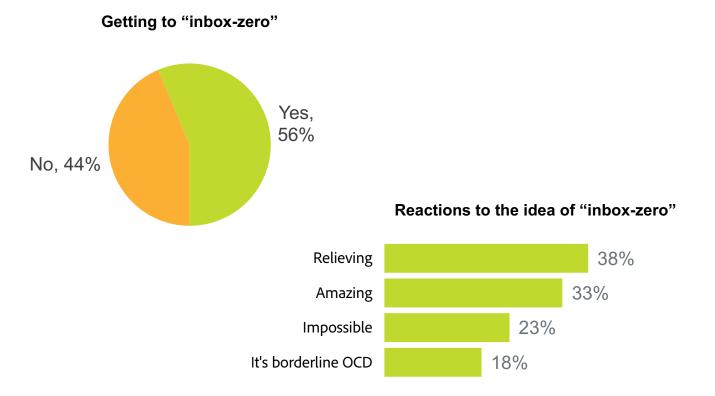
q9b -- Looking ahead at the next two years, which best describes how you see your use of personal email changing?

[†] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Reaction to "inbox-zero"



- Over half of respondents (primarily those 18 to 34 years old) get to "inbox-zero".
- Two fifths feel that reaching "inbox-zero" is *relieving*. *Amazement* is the next most common emotion especially among females and those aged 18 to 34.



		18 to 24 (A)	25 to 34 (B)	35 +	Q (D)	Q (E)
Getting to 'index-zero':		65% C	60% C	54%	60% E	53%
Reactions to the idea of	Relieving	41%	35%	38%	39%	36%
	Amazing	39% C	37% C	31%	30%	35% D
'index-zero'	Impossible	23%	22%	24%	22%	24%
	It's borderline OCD	17%	17%	18%	20% E	16%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q48 -- Getting to "inbox zero" is defined as acting on every email as it comes in to move it out of your inbox immediately (delete, respond, or

delegate). Is that something you currently do?

q49 -- What is your reaction to the idea of "inbox zero"

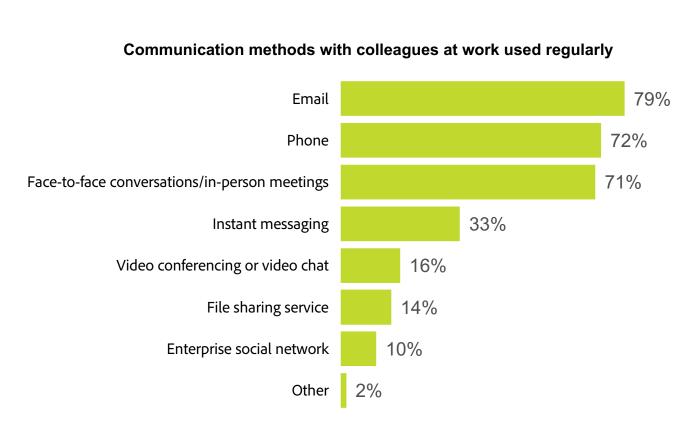
Work Communication in General



Current communication preference



- Although email is the most commonly used method for communicating with colleagues, phone calls and face-to-face conversations are also regularly used by a majority of respondents.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	Q
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
72%	76%	80% AB	80%	78%
67%	68%	74% AB	75% E	70%
66%	67%	72% AB	69%	72%
45% C	42% C	29%	34%	32%
13%	18% A	16%	20% E	13%
16%	18% C	13%	16% E	13%
13% C	15% C	8%	11% E	9%
1%	1%	2% B	1%	2% D

Base: All respondents (3,028)

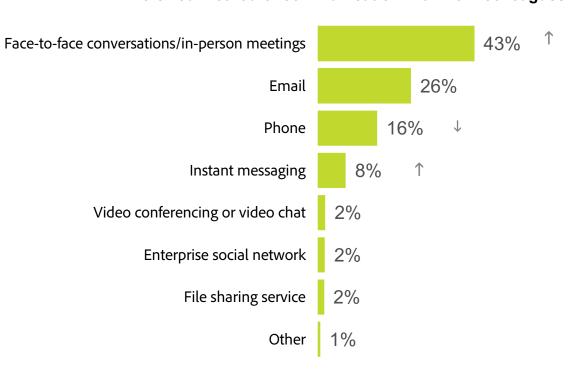
q40 -- Today, which of the following communication methods do you use regularly to interact with colleagues at work? (multi)

Current communication preference



 Preference for face-to-face conversations with colleagues has increased over the past year as the preferred communication method with a colleague. Face-to-face conversations are most preferred by those aged 35 or older.

Preferred method of communication with work colleagues



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	Q
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
33%	36%	47% AB	42%	45%
22%	29% A	25%	25%	26%
17%	13%	17% B	18% E	15%
18% BC	11% C	5%	7%	9%
2%	4% C	2%	3% E	1%
4% C	4% C	1%	3%	2%
4% C	2%	1%	2%	1%
0%	0%	1% AB	0%	1%



Base: All respondents (3,028)

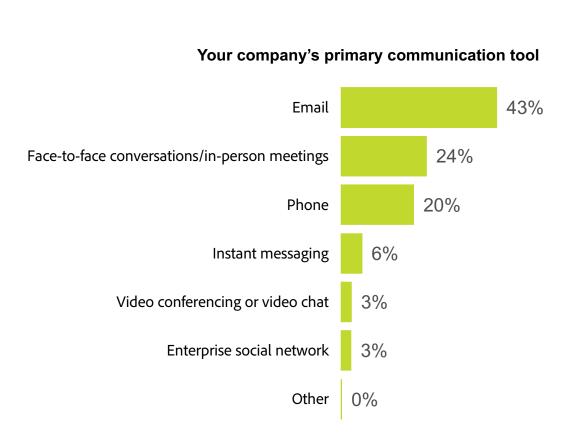
q17 -- Today, how do you prefer to communicate with your work colleagues?

[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Company's primary communication tools



• Email is the top primary communication tool used by companies. This is not universal though as over one fifth of companies primarily use face-to-face conversations or phone calls.



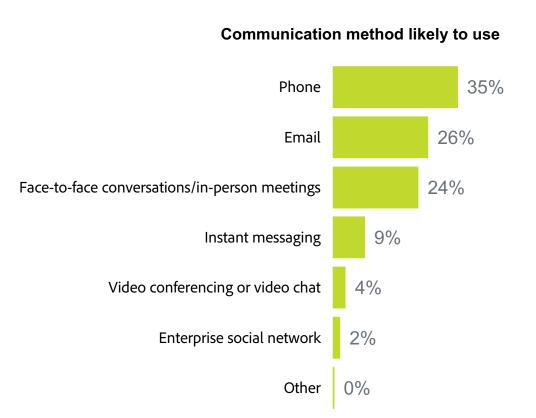
18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	♂	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
39%	41%	45%	43%	43%
21%	21%	25% B	23%	25%
21%	19%	21%	20%	21%
10% C	8% C	5%	7%	5%
4%	5% C	2%	4% E	2%
5% C	6% C	2%	3%	3%
0%	0%	0% A	0%	0%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q41 -- What is your company's primary communication tool?

Communication tool for a quick question

- \circ
- For quick questions for a colleague, respondents are quite split on which communication method they would use: nearly equal mounts would use phone, email, or a face-to-face conversation.
- However, email is the most preferred among those 25 or older.



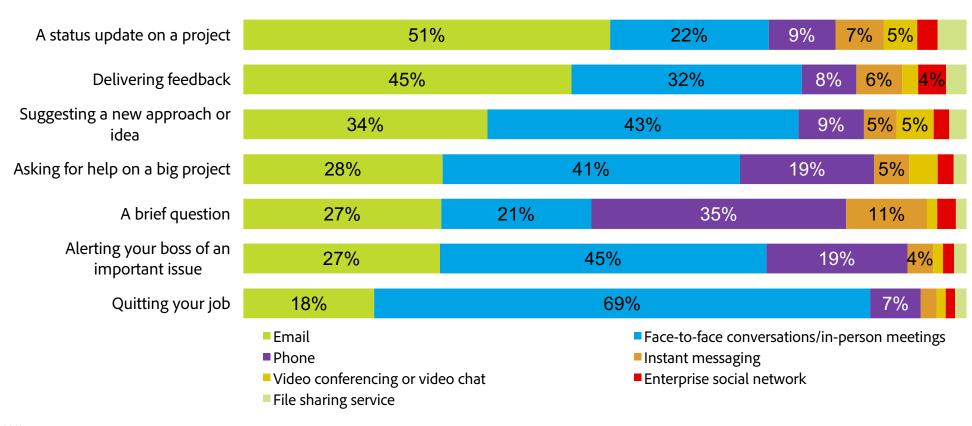
18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	♂	Q
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
31%	29%	37% B	35%	35%
19%	29% A	27% A	26%	27%
27%	22%	24%	23%	25%
15% C	12% C	7%	9%	9%
3%	4%	4%	5% E	3%
5% C	4% C	1%	2%	2%
0%	0%	1% A	1%	0%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q42 -- Which of the following communication methods are you most likely to use to communicate with a work colleague about a quick question?

- For nearly all discussions shown below, email and face-to-face conversations are considered the most appropriate communication methods.
- In general, face-to-face communication becomes more appropriate as the nature of the topic becomes more serious.





Base: All respondents (3,028)

q45 -- Which of the following would you consider the most appropriate communication method for:

*Age and gender splits are shown in the appendix



Email Innovation and Marketing



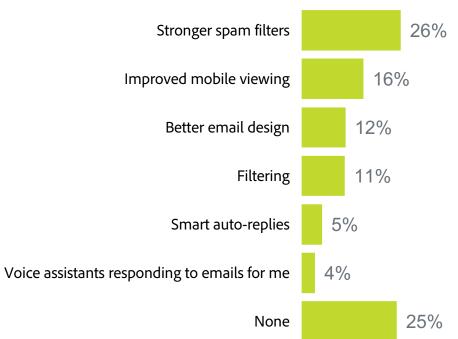
Email improvements



Spam filters and improved mobile viewing have improved respondents' email experience the most.

 However, one quarter of respondents (females and those aged 35 or older in particular) claim that nothing has improved their email experience in the last few years.

Which of the following has most improved your email experience in the last few years?



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
21%	22%	28% AB	27%	26%
19%	23% C	14%	17%	16%
16%	12%	11%	12%	12%
22% BC	14% C	9%	12%	11%
6%	6%	5%	5%	5%
6% C	6% C	3%	4% E	3%
11%	17% A	30% AB	23%	28% D

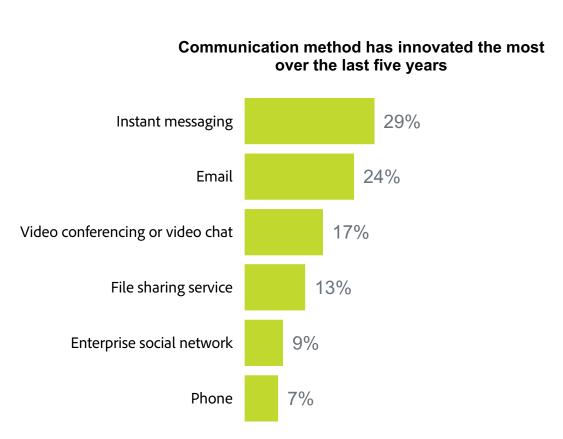
Base: All respondents (3,028)

q43 -- Which of the following has most improved your email experience in the last few years?

Most innovative communication method



Instant messaging and email are seen as the communication method that has innovated the most over the past five years.
 Email is mentioned more often by females and those 35 years old or older.



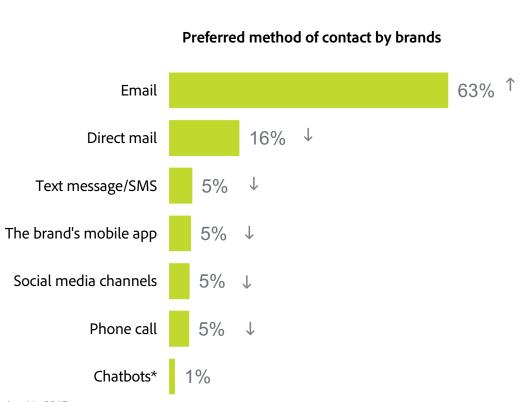
18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	Q
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
29%	31%	28%	29%	29%
16%	22% A	26% AB	23%	26% D
16%	13%	19% B	18%	17%
12%	14%	13%	14%	13%
15% C	11% C	7%	9%	8%
13% C	9% C	6%	8%	7%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q46 -- Which of the following communications methods has innovated the most over the last five years?

Brand contact

- $\langle \rangle$
- Up from last year, nearly two thrids of respondents (females and those 25 or older in particular) would prefer to be contacted by brands via email.
- Fewer would prefer to be contacted by brands all other contact methods, with chatbots being the least preferred.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	♂	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
51%	59% A	66% AB	61%	65% D
11%	14%	17% A	17%	15%
7%	7% C	4%	5%	6%
9% C	6% C	4%	5%	5%
10% C	6% C	3%	5%	5%
9% BC	5%	4%	6% E	4%
3%	2% C	1%	2% E	1%

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



^{*} Chatbots was a new level in 2017.

Base: All respondents (3,028)

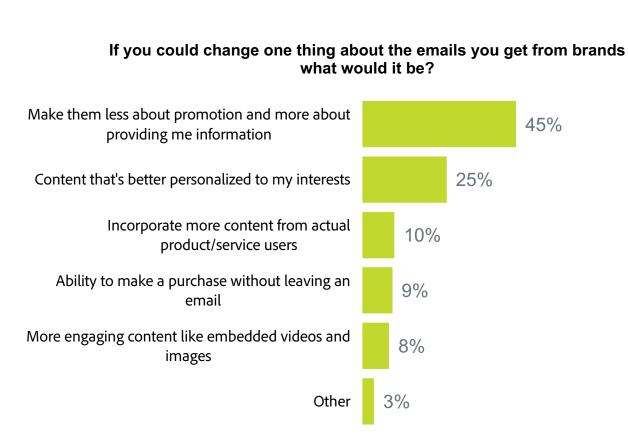
q37 -- When it comes to receiving offers from marketers, how do you prefer to be contacted by brands?

[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

Changing marketing emails



• Respondents would prefer that marketing emails were less about promotions and provided more information. This is especially true for those 35 years old or older.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	Q
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
44%	40%	47% B	45%	46%
22%	27%	25%	23%	27% D
10%	10%	9%	11% E	8%
10%	11%	8%	9%	9%
12% C	10% C	7%	9%	7%
1%	2%	4% AB	4%	3%

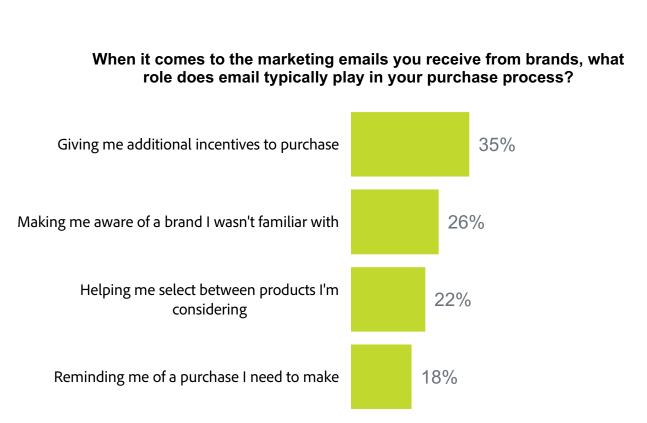
Base: All respondents (3,028)

q44 -- If you could change one thing about the emails you get from brands what would it be?

Marketing emails and the purchase process



• That said, when it comes to the purchase process, marketing emails from brands provide one third of respondents (females in particular) with an added incentive to purchase.



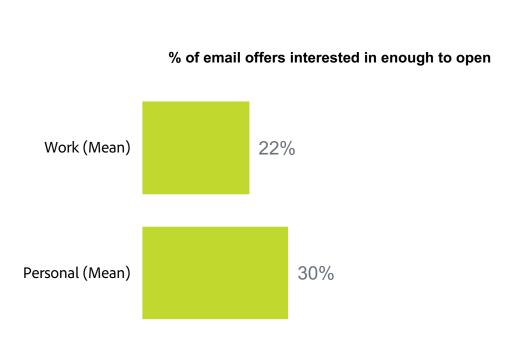
18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	Q
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
34%	34%	35%	30%	40% D
23%	25%	26%	27% E	24%
18%	21%	23%	23%	21%
25% C	20% C	16%	20% E	15%

Base: All respondents (3,028

q47 -- When it comes to the marketing emails you receive from brands, what role does email typically play in your purchase process?

Interest in opening email offers

- \mathbb{C}^{2}
- Over the past year, one fifth of email offers to work emails have been interesting enough to open while almost one third of email offers to personal accounts have been interesting enough to open.
 - Note that these results exclude Germany due to a survey translation issue.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
26% C	23%	21%	22%	21%
36% C	32% C	29%	30%	30%

Base: Due to a translation issue, this data is from UK and FR only (2,012)

↑ Significantly *higher* than 2016

↓ Significantly *lower* than 2016

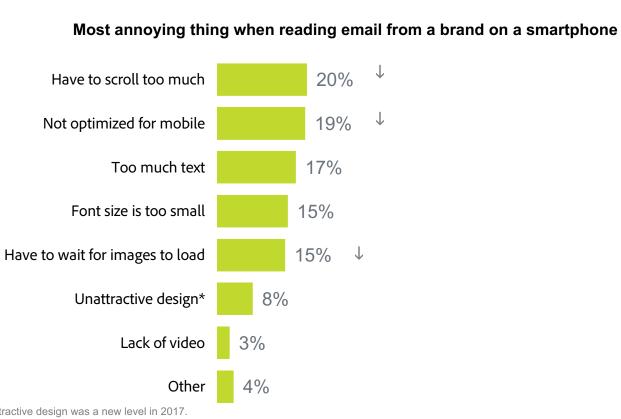
q32_a – Work emails: Of the email offers you receive from brands each day, what percentage are you interested in enough to open?

q32 b – Personal emails: Of the email offers you receive from brands each day, what percentage are you interested in enough to open?

Annoying things when reading email from a brand on a smartphone



Respondents are split when asked what the most annoying aspect of reading emails is on smartphones: roughly a fifth mentioning one of having to scroll too much, not being optimized for mobile, or having too much text as the most annoying.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	♂	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	- (E)
16%	18%	21% A	18%	21% D
21%	20%	19%	19%	19%
20%	16%	17%	19% E	16%
8%	10%	18% AB	16%	15%
17%	19% C	13%	12%	17% D
11% C	11% C	6%	8%	7%
6% C	4% C	2%	4% E	2%
1%	2%	5% AB	4%	3%

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



^{*} Unattractive design was a new level in 2017.

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q33 -- What's the most annoying thing when reading email from a brand on your smartphone?

[↑] Significantly higher than 2016

Most annoying thing when receiving an email offer from a marketer



As in 2016, nearly one half of respondents (and more than half of females) find being emailed too often by a marketer as the
most annoying when receiving email offers.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	♂	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
43%	46%	48%	43%	51% D
28%	30%	33%	32%	31%
22%	21%	23%	24%	21%
20%	16%	21% B	19%	21%
20% C	18% C	14%	17% E	13%
17%	17% C	14%	15%	15%
12%	14% C	10%	12%	10%
9% C	9% C	5%	7%	6%
10% C	7% C	5%	7% E	5%
0%	1%	2% A	2% E	1%
4%	5%	6%	5%	7%

[↓] Significantly *lower* than 2016



Base: All respondents (3,028

q34 -- When you receive an email offer from a marketer, which of the following is most annoying? (Multi-response: select up to 3)

[↑] Significantly *higher* than 2016

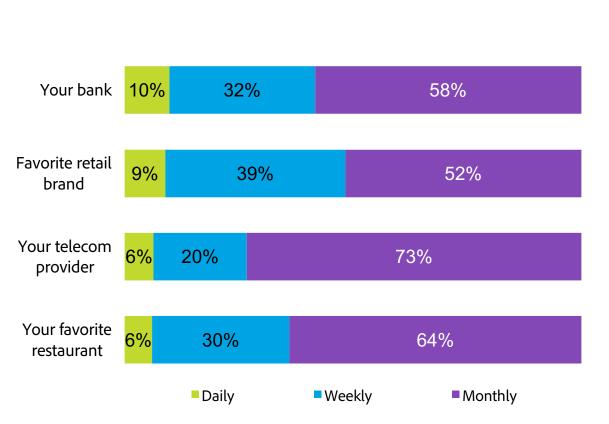
Frequency of brand emails



 Few respondents mentioned that they would like to receive daily emails from their bank, favorite retail brand, restaurant, or telecom provider.

Those who do prefer daily emails are more likely to be younger (18 to 34 years old), while those who prefer monthly emails are

more likely to be 35 years old or older.



		18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	Q
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	Daily	15% C	13% C	8%	11% E	8%
Your bank	Weekly	39% C	34% C	30%	35% E	29%
	Monthly	45%	52%	62% AB	54%	63% D
	Daily	15% C	12% C	7%	10%	8%
Favorite retail brand	Weekly	47% C	41%	38%	38%	41%
	Monthly	38%	46% A	55% AB	52%	51%
Wassatala sasa	Daily	10% C	10% C	5%	8% E	5%
Your telecom provider	Weekly	29% C	24% C	18%	22% E	19%
p.oou	Monthly	61%	67%	77% AB	70%	76% D
	Daily	12% C	9% C	4%	7% E	5%
Your favorite restaurant	Weekly	38% C	33% C	28%	30%	30%
	Monthly	50%	58% A	68% AB	63%	65%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

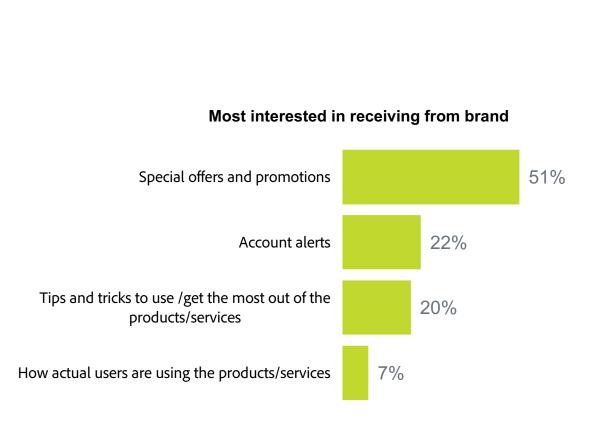
g50 -- What is your desired email frequency for brands you care about?



Interest in brand communication



One half of respondents (and more than half of females and those aged 35 or older) are most interested in receiving special
offers and promotions from brands that they are interested in.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	9
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
43%	45%	53% AB	48%	53% D
28% C	24%	21%	23%	22%
20%	19%	20%	20%	19%
9%	12% C	6%	8%	7%

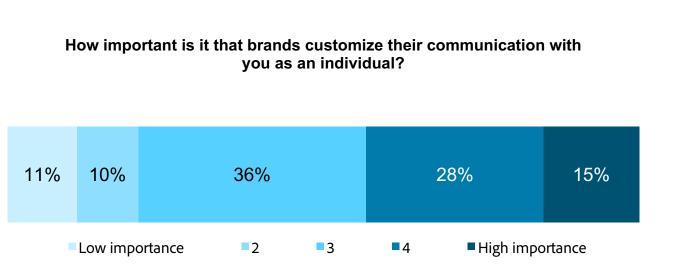
Base: All respondents (3,028)

q51 -- For the brands you care about, which of following are you most interested in getting from them?

Importance of customized communication from brands



Customization of emails from brands is of medium to high importance, across all age groups and both genders.



	18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	9
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
Low importance	10%	7%	13% B	12%	10%
2	14% C	11% C	9%	10%	9%
3	32%	35%	37%	35%	37%
4	28%	32% C	27%	28%	28%
High Importance	16%	15%	15%	15%	16%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

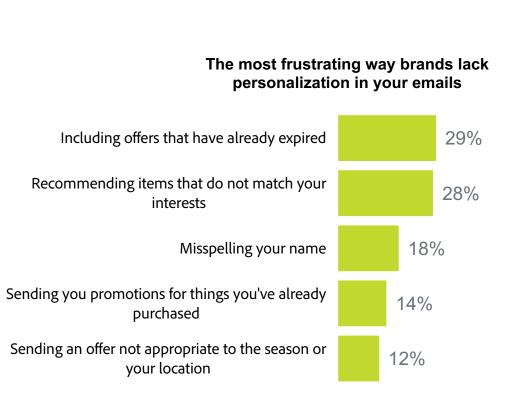
q52 -- On the following scale, how important is it that brands customize their communication with you as an individual?



Frustrating lack of personalization in emails



 The two most frustrating ways that brands lack personalization in emails are by including offers that have already expired and recommending items that do not match interests.



18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	35+ O ⁷	
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
23%	28%	30% A	27%	30%
27%	28%	28%	28%	27%
20%	16%	18%	18%	17%
16%	14%	14%	15%	13%
14%	15% C	11%	11%	12%

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q53 -- What of the following is the most frustrating way brands lack personalization in their emails?

Appendix





		18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	Q	Ŷ
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	Email	45%	46%	53% AB	49%	52%
	Face-to-face conversations/in-person meetings	19%	17%	24% B	22%	22%
A -4-4	Phone	10%	10%	9%	9%	10%
A status update on a project?	Instant messaging	10% C	11% C	5%	7%	6%
	Video conferencing or video chat	5%	6%	4%	6% E	4%
	Enterprise social network	7% C	4% C	2%	3%	3%
	File sharing service	4%	7% C	3%	4%	4%
	Email	40%	40%	48% AB	44%	46%
	Face-to-face conversations/in-person meetings	27%	30%	33% A	31%	33%
	Phone	9%	7%	8%	8%	7%
Delivering feedback?	Instant messaging	9% C	9% C	5%	6%	6%
	Video conferencing or video chat	3%	3% C	2%	3% E	2%
	Enterprise social network	8% C	6% C	3%	4%	3%
	File sharing service	4%	4% C	2%	3%	3%

q45 -- Which of the following would you consider the most appropriate communication method for:



		18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	o™	P
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	Email	27%	32%	35% A	33%	34%
	Face-to-face conversations/in-person meetings	41%	39%	45% B	40%	45% D
	Phone	10%	7%	10% B	10%	8%
Suggesting a new approach or idea?	Instant messaging	10% C	7% C	3%	5%	4%
	Video conferencing or video chat	5%	7% C	4%	6%	5%
	Enterprise social network	3%	4% C	1%	3%	2%
	File sharing service	4%	4% C	2%	3%	2%
	Email	21%	28% A	28% A	27%	28%
	Face-to-face conversations/in-person meetings	25%	19%	21%	19%	23% D
	Phone	28%	28%	38% AB	36%	35%
A brief question?	Instant messaging	16% C	15% C	9%	12%	10%
	Video conferencing or video chat	2%	2%	1%	2%	1%
	Enterprise social network	6% C	4% C	2%	3%	2%
	File sharing service	2%	3% C	1%	2%	1%

q45 -- Which of the following would you consider the most appropriate communication method for:



Asking	g for help on a
	big project?

Alerting your boss of an important issue?

						+
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	Email	22%	29% A	28%	27%	29%
	Face-to-face conversations/in-person meetings	39%	34%	44% B	39%	43% D
	Phone	19%	18%	19%	20%	18%
a ?	Instant messaging	9% C	8% C	3%	6% E	4%
	Video conferencing or video chat	4%	5%	4%	5% E	3%
	Enterprise social network	4%	3% C	2%	3%	2%
	File sharing service	3%	2%	1%	2%	1%
	Email	26%	26%	28%	27%	28%
	Face-to-face conversations/in-person meetings	43%	43%	46%	40%	49% D
f	Phone	20%	17%	20%	22% E	17%
τ ?	Instant messaging	4%	5% C	3%	5% E	2%
	Video conferencing or video chat	2%	2%	1%	2% E	1%
	Enterprise social network	3%	3% C	1%	2%	1%
	File sharing service	3%	3% C	1%	2%	1%

18 to 24 25 to 34

q45 -- Which of the following would you consider the most appropriate communication method for:



		18 to 24	25 to 34	35+	ď	9
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	Email	19%	21% C	17%	18%	18%
	Face-to-face conversations/in-person meetings	62%	61%	72% AB	65%	72% D
	Phone	9%	7%	7%	9% E	5%
?	Instant messaging	4%	4% C	2%	2%	2%
	Video conferencing or video chat	2%	3% C	1%	2%	1%
	Enterprise social network	2%	2% C	1%	2%	1%
	File sharing service	3%	3% C	1%	2%	1%

Quitting your job?

Base: All respondents (3,028)

q45 -- Which of the following would you consider the most appropriate communication method for:

